Bedford High School

A Specialist Business and Enterprise College To Care To Learn To Achieve



Online Safety Policy

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Document control

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26/01/2024	Filtering and Monitoring information added in line with KCSIE updates.	
26/01/2024	Additional section regarding artificial intelligence	

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1. Aims

Our school aims to:

- > Have robust processes in place to ensure the online safety of students, staff, volunteers and governors > Deliver an effective approach to online safety, which empowers us to protect and educate the whole school community in its use of technology, including mobile and smart technology (which we refer to as 'mobile phones')
- > Establish clear mechanisms to identify, intervene and escalate an incident, where appropriate

The 4 key categories of risk

Our approach to online safety is based on addressing the following categories of risk:

- > Content being exposed to illegal, inappropriate or harmful content, such as pornography, fake news, racism, misogyny, self-harm, suicide, antisemitism, radicalisation and extremism
- > Contact being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users, such as peer-to-peer pressure, commercial advertising and adults posing as children or young adults with the intention to groom or exploit them for sexual, criminal, financial or other purposes
- > Conduct personal online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm, such as making, sending and receiving explicit images (e.g. consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi- nudes and/or pornography), sharing other explicit images and online bullying; and

> Commerce - risks such as online gambling, inappropriate advertising, phishing and/or financial scams

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy is based on the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory safeguarding guidance, Keeping Children Safe in Education, and its advice for schools on:

- > Teaching online safety in schools
- > Preventing and tackling bullying and cyber-bullying: advice for headteachers and school staff > Relationships and sex education
- > Searching, screening and confiscation

It also refers to the DfE's guidance on protecting children from radicalisation.

It reflects existing legislation, including but not limited to the <u>Education Act 1996</u> (as amended), the <u>Education and Inspections Act 2006</u> and the <u>Equality Act 2010</u>. In addition, it reflects the <u>Education Act 2011</u>, which has given teachers stronger powers to tackle cyber-bullying by, if necessary, searching for and deleting inappropriate images or files on students' electronic devices where they believe there is a 'good reason' to do so.

The policy also considers the National Curriculum computing programmes of study.

3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1 The Governing Board

The named safeguarding governor who also has responsibility for online safety is: Joanna Coop

The governing board has overall responsibility for monitoring this policy and holding the headteacher to account for its implementation.

The governing board will make sure all staff undergo online safety training as part of child protection and safeguarding training, and ensure staff understand their expectations, roles and responsibilities around filtering and monitoring. The governing board will also make sure all staff receive regular online safety updates (via email, e-bulletins and staff meetings), to ensure they are continually provided with the relevant skills and knowledge to effectively safeguard children.

The governing board must ensure the school has appropriate filtering and monitoring systems in place on school devices and school networks, and will regularly review their effectiveness. The board will review the DfE filtering and monitoring standards, and discuss with IT staff and service providers what needs to be done to support the school in meeting the standards, which include:

- Identifying and assigning roles and responsibilities to manage filtering and monitoring systems;
- · Reviewing filtering and monitoring provisions at least annually;
- Blocking harmful and inappropriate content without unreasonably impacting teaching and learning;
- Having effective monitoring strategies in place that meet their safeguarding needs.

All governors will:

> Ensure that they have read and understand this policy

- Adhere to the terms on acceptable use of the school's ICT systems and the internet
- > Ensure that online safety is a running and interrelated theme while devising and implementing their whole school or college approach to safeguarding and related policies and/or procedures
- > Ensure that, where necessary, teaching about safeguarding, including online safety, is adapted for vulnerable children, victims of abuse and some students with SEND because of the importance of recognising that a 'one size fits all' approach may not be appropriate for all children in all situations, and a more personalised or contextualised approach may often be more suitable

3.2 The Headteacher

Headteacher: Paul McCaffery

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that staff understand this policy, and that it is being implemented consistently throughout the school.

3.3 The Designated Safeguarding Lead

Designated Safeguarding Lead: Rebecca Ramsden (AHT)

Deputy Designated Safeguarding Leads: Paul McCaffery (HT) & Bridget Moss (DHT)

Details of the school's designated safeguarding lead (DSL) and deputies are set out in our Safeguarding, Child Protection and Early Help Policy.

The DSL takes lead responsibility for online safety in school, in particular:

- > Supporting the headteacher in ensuring that staff understand this policy and that it is being implemented consistently throughout the school.
- > Taking the lead on understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place on school devices and school networks.
- > Providing regular safeguarding and child protection updates, including online safety, to all staff, at least annually, in order to continue to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard effectively
- > Working with the headteacher, ICT manager and other staff, as necessary, to address any online safety issues or incidents.
- > Managing all online safety issues and incidents in line with the school Safeguarding, Child Protection and Early Help Policy.
- > Ensuring that any online safety incidents are logged on CPOMS and dealt with appropriately in line with this policy
- > Ensuring that any incidents of cyber-bullying are logged and dealt with appropriately in line with the school behaviour policy
- Updating and delivering staff training on online safety
- > Liaising with other agencies and/or external services if necessary
- > Providing regular reports on online safety in school to the headteacher and/or governing board
- > Undertaking annual risk assessments that consider and reflect the risks children face

3.4 The ICT manager

ICT Manager: Richard Tonge

The ICT manager is responsible for:

- > Putting in place an appropriate level of security protection procedures, such as filtering and monitoring systems, which are reviewed and updated on a regular basis to assess effectiveness and ensure students are kept safe from potentially harmful and inappropriate content and contact online while at school, including terrorist and extremist material
- > Ensuring that the school's ICT systems are secure and protected against viruses and malware, and that such safety mechanisms are updated regularly
- > Conducting a full security check and monitoring the school's ICT systems on a regular basis
- > Blocking access to potentially dangerous sites and, where possible, preventing the downloading of potentially dangerous files
- > Ensuring that any online safety incidents are logged on CPOMS and dealt with appropriately in line with this policy
- > Ensuring that any incidents of cyber-bullying are dealt with appropriately in line with the school behaviour policy
- > Ensuring the senior leadership team are aware of the security systems in place and have an appropriate level of understanding.

3.5 All staff

All staff are responsible for:

- > Maintaining an understanding of this policy > Implementing this
- policy consistently
- > Agreeing and adhering to the terms on acceptable use of the school's ICT systems and the internet and ensuring that students follow the school's terms on acceptable use (appendices 1 and 2)
- > Working with the DSL to ensure that any online safety incidents are logged on CPOMS and dealt with appropriately in line with this policy
- > Ensuring that any incidents of cyber-bullying are dealt with appropriately in line with the school behaviour policy
- > Responding appropriately to all reports and concerns about sexual violence and/or harassment, both online and offline and maintaining an attitude of 'it could happen here'

3.6 Parents

Parents are expected to:

- > Notify a member of staff or the headteacher of any concerns or queries regarding this policy
- > Ensure their child has read, understood and agreed to the terms on acceptable use of the school's ICT systems and internet (appendices 1 and 2)

Parents can seek further guidance on keeping children safe online from the following organisations and websites:

➤ What are the issues? – <u>UK Safer Internet Centre</u> ➤ Hot topics – <u>Childnet</u>

International

> Parent resource sheet - Childnet International > Parent resources -

ThinkUKnow

3.7 Visitors and members of the community

Visitors and members of the community who use the school's ICT systems or internet will be made aware of this policy, when relevant, and expected to read and follow it. If appropriate, they will be expected to agree to the terms on acceptable use.

4. Educating students about online safety

Students will be taught about online safety as part of the curriculum:

In Key Stage 3, students will be taught to:

- > Understand a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy
- > Recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and know how to report concerns Students in **Key Stage 4** will be taught:
- > To understand how changes in technology affect safety, including new ways to protect their online privacy and identity
- > How to report a range of concerns

By the **end of secondary school**, students will know:

- > Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online
- > About online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online
- > Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them
- > What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online > The impact of viewing harmful content
- > That specifically sexually explicit material (e.g. pornography) presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners
- > That sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail
- > How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online
- > How to identify harmful behaviours online (including bullying, abuse or harassment) and how to report, or find support, if they have

been affected by those behaviours

- > How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online)
- > The safe use of social media and the internet will also be covered in other subjects where relevant.
- > Where necessary, teaching about safeguarding, including online safety, will be adapted for vulnerable children, victims of abuse and some students with SEND.

5. Educating parents about online safety

The school will raise parents' awareness of internet safety in letters or other communications home, and in information via our website, emails, parent events and parent meetings. This policy is available on the school website.

The school will let parents know:

- > What systems the school uses to filter and monitor online use
- > What their children are being asked to do online, including the sites they will be asked to access and who from the school (if anyone) their child will be interacting with online

If parents have any queries or concerns in relation to online safety, these should be raised in the first instance with the headteacher and/or the DSL.

6. Cyber-bullying

6.1 Definition

Cyber-bullying takes place online, such as through social networking sites, messaging apps or gaming sites. Like other forms of bullying, it is the repetitive, intentional harming of 1 person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power.

6.2 Preventing and addressing cyber-bullying

To help prevent cyber-bullying, we will ensure that students understand what it is and what to do if they become aware of it happening to them or others. We will ensure that students know how they can report any incidents and are encouraged to do so, including where they are a witness rather than the victim.

The school will actively discuss cyber-bullying with students, explaining the reasons why it occurs, the forms it may take and what the consequences can be. Teaching staff are also encouraged to find opportunities to use aspects of the curriculum to cover cyber-bullying. This includes Personal Development and Ethics (PDE), and other subjects where appropriate.

All staff receive training on cyber-bullying, its impact and ways to support students, as part of safeguarding training. The school also sends information/leaflets on cyber-bullying to parents so that they are aware of the signs, how to report it and how they can support children who may be affected.

In relation to a specific incident of cyber-bullying, the school will follow the processes set out in the school behaviour policy. Where illegal, inappropriate or harmful material has been spread among students, the school will use all reasonable endeavours to ensure the incident is contained.

The DSL will report the incident and provide the relevant material to the police as soon as is reasonably practicable, if they have reasonable grounds to suspect that possessing that material is illegal. They will also work with external services if it is deemed necessary to do so.

6.3 Examining electronic devices

School staff have the specific power under the Education and Inspections Act 2006 (which has been increased by the Education Act 2011) to search for and, if necessary, delete inappropriate images or files on students' electronic devices, including mobile phones, iPads and other tablet devices, where they believe there is a 'good reason' to do so.

When deciding whether there is a good reason to examine or erase data or files on an electronic device, staff must reasonably suspect that the data or file in question has been, or could be, used to:

- > Cause harm / Poses a risk to staff and/or students
- > Disrupt teaching
- Break any of the school rules / is identified as a banned item
- > Is evidence in relation to a suspected offence

If inappropriate material is found on the device, it is up to the senior leadership team and DSL to decide whether they should:

- > Delete the material
- > Retain it as evidence (of a possible criminal offence* or a breach of school discipline) > Report it to the police*
- * If a staff member **believes** a device **may** contain a nude or semi-nude image or an image that it's a criminal offence to possess, they will not view the image but will report this to the DSL (or equivalent) immediately, who will decide what to do next. The DSL will make the decision in line with the DfE's latest guidance
- on <u>screening</u>, <u>searching</u> and <u>confiscation</u> and the UK Council for Internet Safety (UKCIS) guidance on <u>sharing</u> <u>nudes and semi-nudes</u>: advice for education settings working with children and young people.
- ** Staff will also confiscate the device to give to the police, if they have reasonable grounds to suspect that it contains evidence in relation to an offence.

Any searching of students will be carried out in line with:

- > The DfE's latest guidance on <u>searching</u>, <u>screening</u> and <u>confiscation</u>
- > UKCIS guidance on sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people

Any complaints about searching for or deleting inappropriate images or files on students' electronic devices will be dealt with through the school complaints procedure.

6.4 Artificial intelligence (AI)

Generative artificial intelligence (AI) tools are now widespread and easy to access. Staff, students and parents/carers may be familiar with generative chatbots such as ChatGPT and Google Bard.

Bedford High School recognises that AI has many uses to help pupils learn, but may also have the potential to be used to bully others. For example, in the form of 'deepfakes', where AI is used to create images, audio or video hoaxes that look real. This includes deepfake pornography: pornographic content created using AI to include someone's likeness.

The school will treat any use of AI to bully pupils in line with our Behaviour and Antibullying policy.

Staff should be aware of the risks of using AI tools whilst they are still being developed and should carry out a risk assessment where new AI tools are being used by the school.

7. Acceptable use of the internet in school

All students, parents, staff, volunteers and governors are expected to sign an agreement regarding the acceptable use of the school's ICT systems and the internet. Use of the school's internet must be for educational purposes only, or for the purpose of fulfilling the duties of an individual's role.

We will monitor the websites visited by students, staff, volunteers, governors and visitors to ensure they comply with the above.

8. Students using mobile devices in school

Students may bring mobile devices into school, but are be switched off/on silent and stowed away securely in school bags. Mobile phone usage is not permitted whilst on the school site. Any breach of the acceptable use agreement by a student may trigger disciplinary action in line with the school behaviour policy.

9. Staff using work devices outside school

All staff members will take appropriate steps to ensure their devices remain secure. This includes, but is not limited to:

- > Keeping the device password-protected > Ensuring their hard
- drive is encrypted
- > Making sure the device locks if left inactive for a period of time > Not sharing the
- device among family or friends
- > Keeping operating systems up to date by always install the latest updates

Staff members must not use the device in any way which would violate the school's terms of acceptable use. Work devices must be used solely for work activities.

If staff have any concerns over the security of their device, they must seek advice from the ICT Manager.

10. How the school will respond to issues of misuse

Where a student misuses the school's ICT systems or internet, we will follow the procedures set out in our policies on behaviour and ICT and internet acceptable use. The action taken will depend on the individual circumstances, nature and seriousness of the specific incident, and will be proportionate.

Where a staff member misuses the school's ICT systems or the internet, or misuses a personal device where the action constitutes misconduct, the matter will be dealt with in accordance with the staff code of conduct. The action taken will depend on the individual circumstances, nature and seriousness of the specific incident.

The school will consider whether incidents which involve illegal activity or content, or otherwise serious incidents, should be reported to the police.

11. Training

All new staff members will receive training, as part of their induction, on safe internet use and online safeguarding issues including cyber-bullying and the risks of online radicalisation.

All staff members will receive refresher training at least once each academic year as part of safeguarding training, as well as relevant updates as required (e.g. through emails, e-bulletins and staff meetings).

By way of this training, all staff will be made aware that:

- > Technology is a significant component in many safeguarding and wellbeing issues, and that children are at risk of online abuse
- > Children can abuse their peers online through:
 - Abusive, harassing, and misogynistic messages
 - Non-consensual sharing of indecent nude and semi-nude images and/or videos, especially around chat groups
 - Sharing of abusive images and pornography, to those who don't want to receive such content
 - Misuse of online gaming
- > Physical abuse, sexual violence and initiation/hazing type violence can all contain an online element Training will also help staff:
 - develop better awareness to assist in spotting the signs and symptoms of online abuse
 - develop the ability to ensure students can recognise dangers and risks in online activity
 - develop the ability to influence students to make the healthiest long-term choices and keep them safe from harm in the short term

The DSL will undertake training, which will include online safety, at least every 2 years. They will also update their knowledge and skills on the subject of online safety at regular intervals, and at least annually.

Governors will receive training on safe internet use and online safeguarding issues as part of their safeguarding training.

12. Monitoring arrangements

The DSL logs behaviour and safeguarding issues related to online safety.

This policy will be reviewed every year by the DSL. At every review, the policy will be shared with the headteacher and governing board. The review will be supported by an annual risk assessment that considers and reflects the risks students face online.

13. Links with other policies

This online safety policy is linked to our:

➤ Safeguarding, Child Protection and Early Help Policy ➤ Behaviour and Rewards

Policy

- > Staff disciplinary procedures
- Data protection policy and privacy notices > Compliments and Complaints Policy
 ICT and Internet Acceptable Use Policy